

NO LEAK THIS TIME

SUPREME JUSTICES ARE GUARDING THEIR INCOME-TAX OPINIONS.

Final Decision of the Troublesome Question Likely to Be Rendered by the Court on Monday.

SURMISES AS TO THE RESULT

MAJORITY OF THE JUSTICES SAID TO BE OPPOSED TO THE LAW.

Five Members of the Court, It Is Believed, Will Declare the Act to Be Unconstitutional.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The annual shadow of the District Bar Association proved so much more attractive to some of the justices of the Supreme Court today than the consultation room that the usual Saturday conference of the Supreme Court was postponed until next Monday morning. As a consequence of this postponement the final conclusion on the income tax cases has been deferred until then. The second conference on the question is made necessary, according to best information obtainable, by the fact that the position of at least one of the members of the court, believed to be Justice Shiras, was not definitely and absolutely announced last Saturday. When the conference of last Saturday closed Justices Harlan, Brown, White and Jackson held a separate consultation under circumstances which made it appear quite certain that Justice Jackson had taken a position with those who uphold the constitutionality of the law, and as there were known to have been four members of the court who cast their votes in favor of sustaining the law, the inference was generally drawn that, with the accession of Justice Jackson, the majority would be found on the affirmative side when the result should be announced. The fact that the constitutionality of the law, and as there were known to have been four members of the court who cast their votes in favor of sustaining the law, the inference was generally drawn that, with the accession of Justice Jackson, the majority would be found on the affirmative side when the result should be announced. The fact that the constitutionality of the law, and as there were known to have been four members of the court who cast their votes in favor of sustaining the law, the inference was generally drawn that, with the accession of Justice Jackson, the majority would be found on the affirmative side when the result should be announced.

It is known that the members of the court who opposed the law from the beginning are hopeful and fairly confident of this result, but they will not allow themselves to feel absolutely assured until the final vote shall be taken prior to going into court on Monday. The justices opposed to the law also consider it possible that at this final conference when it appears, if it shall so appear, that they are in the majority, they may secure other accessions. Such "deathbed conversions," as a member of the court calls them, are said not to be so rare as it is supposed. It is said that the opinion is now being prepared on the theory that the opponents of the law will have five votes (that is a majority), and in this event, the opinion of the court, it is said, will again be the work of Chief Justice Fuller. There is a possibility, that the opinion may not be handed down on Monday next. The members of the court are themselves of the opinion that it will be, but they say that in view of the possibility of changes, it is impossible for them to say positively. Probably in no case that has before been in the court has such precautions been taken as in this to prevent premature disclosures as to the nature of the conclusions reached. The court was greatly annoyed by the publication of the results of its deliberations after the first hearing in these cases, and several persons were under more or less suspicion. On this account it was at first decided not to have the opinion printed in advance of the decision from the bench as is the usual custom, but to deliver it from the manuscript of the justice who should prepare it, but it is understood that this conclusion has been reconsidered. The opinions will probably not be so long as when the cases were first decided, and it is not yet known whether there will be more than one dissenting opinion.

A WAR SHIP DESTROYER.

Experiments with a Shell That Explodes After Piercing Thick Armor. WASHINGTON, May 18.—Having attained a remarkable degree of success in securing for the navy a semi-armored piercing shell of domestic manufacture, which is capable of piercing armor as heavy as can be carried on the sides of a battle ship the ordnance officers of the Navy Department have been giving much attention to the after results to a blow from such shell. First an exhaustive set of experiments were made to settle on a perfect fuse, one that would be sure not to explode the shell on the outside of the armor plate where it would do no harm, and would yet delay the explosion only long enough to allow the shell to just enter the hull and not pass out of the other side. This was reduced to great perfection, the model fuse getting the shell through a thick plate and exploding it ten or fifteen feet in the rear, just about the danger zone in such cases. Then the officers, who were some doubt whether in making the shell of sufficient strength to pierce a thick plate they had not made it too strong to be exploded by the powder charge it would contain, determined to experiment in this shell three days ago three thick plates were set up so as to form a triangle. Two of these plates were eighteen inches thick representing the armor of the Indiana and Oregon and the third plate was 12½ inches thick, all being heavily backed. On top of this chamber and three-inch plates were put and within, on an inch and a half plate a thirteen inch wheeler semi-armored piercing shell was placed, with an electric fuse connection. This particular shell had already been fired through a seven-inch Harvey plate without injury. It had an explosive charge of fifty-six pounds of black powder. When this was touched off there was a mighty blast and the air was filled with smoke and gas and flying fragments of shell. One of the big eighteen-inch plates weighing forty-three tons was driven bodily backward three feet, one end of the other was blown back eight feet, the top plates were blown off from the butts and the bottom plate was badly dished and a big piece sheared off from it. The plates were also battered and injured by the fragments of the shell of which sixty were recovered, weighing half a ton. It was clear that if such a shell had exploded inside of a vessel it would have

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crushed in the protective deck and perhaps have destroyed the engine and boiler. The experiment was regarded as satisfactory in every respect.

Pension Rollings.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the Interior Department, has decided that when an attorney neglects to explain within a year his client's failure to appear for medical examination on his application for a pension the attorney forfeits all claim; also, that a declaration not executed before some person entitled to administer oaths in pension cases is void. If a later valid declaration is made it does not entitle the claimant to receive a pension dating back to the filing of the void application. The Assistant Secretary has also decided that where a pension has been granted to several minor children the pension of each is chargeable with a proportionate part of the fee to the attorney by whom the claim was prosecuted. If pension to one of the minors should be withheld there is no fund available for the payment of that portion of the fee.

Where Are Purdue's Graduates?

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The Agricultural Department is experiencing great difficulty in securing employees competent to conduct the official soil investigation. For some time Secretary Morton has been endeavoring to secure men trained for the purpose, but few candidates have appeared, and the civil-service examinations have not resulted satisfactory to the department. An official publication reviews this difficulty and urges more general training for the field in the future. It advocates special work on this line in educational institutions.

Coffee Crop Short.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The coffee crop of South and Central America this year will be about 10 per cent. short of the crop last year, according to statistics received here. The Brazilian crop last season was estimated at 2,100,000 bags, and the new crop is estimated at 1,900,000 bags. The Mexican and Central American crops are increasing yearly. The world's consumption of coffee last year was 11,527,229 bags, of which the United States was first as a consumer and Brazil first as a producer.

Kickapoo Lands to Be Opened.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—The President this afternoon signed a proclamation opening to settlement, beginning noon Thursday, May 23, the lands of the Kickapoo Indian reservation in Oklahoma. The reservation consists of 25,000 acres, but 13,000 of this has been withheld for allotments of the Indians and for school-land purposes, leaving 8,000 acres to be taken up. The lands are subject to ordinary homestead entry at the price of \$1.50 per acre.

General Notes.

WASHINGTON, May 18.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, \$132,400,832; gold reserve, \$97,150,445.

The Secretary of the Navy has received a dispatch from Captain Davis announcing the arrival of the Montgomery with the Nicaraguan commission at Greytown. Funeral services were held to-day over the remains of Rear Admiral Almy, who died Thursday. The pallbearers are Admirals Hughes, Uphur, Joutet and Roe, Generals Vincent and Drum, Pay Director Caswell, Judge Hagner and Mr. Charles Albert. The Loyal Legion and the Association of California Forty-miners attended the services in a body.

SERIOUS CASUALTIES

MANY PERSONS MEET DEATH OR INJURY IN VARIOUS WAYS.

Trolley Car Goes Through a Bridge—Tentement House Falls—Electric Cars Collide—Other Accidents.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., May 18.—Trolley car No. 18, of the Citizens' line of the Schuylkill Valley Railroad Company, plunged through the overhead bridge crossing the Trenton cut-off branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's tracks in Plymouth township this afternoon, fatally injuring two persons and seriously injuring four others. The fatally injured are: Motorman Charles Naylor, of Norristown; conductor Frank Smith, of Norristown. The seriously injured are: Mrs. Frank Birmingham, Norristown, cut about the face and body; Mrs. Harry Haas, Norristown, cut about the face and shoulder; Mrs. Johnson, of Gulf Mills, injured internally; Francis Baxter, of Norristown, injured internally. Both conductor Smith and motorman Naylor, who were in charge of the car, are injured internally and badly cut about the face.

Collapse of a Building.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., May 18.—A two-and-a-half-story wooden tenement house owned by Joseph Lemone, and occupied by several French families in Coventry, in that part known as "Jericho," seven miles from this city, collapsed late yesterday and three persons were killed and eleven injured. It is thought that two of the latter are fatally hurt. The building had been raised to permit the building of another story beneath it. The killed are: Mrs. Mabel Guertin, fifty years old; Asa Aldrich, fifty-five years old, workman; two and a half year old child of Louis Lemone. The injured are: Mrs. Joseph Lemone, aged seventy, probably fatally; Noah Richardson, workman, probably fatally; Mrs. Louis Lemone, thirty-five years old, scalp wound; Frank Lemone, eighteen years old, leg fractured; Joseph Lemone, eleven years old, serious contusions; Gosselin, ten years old, scalp wound and shoulder crushed. Two small children named Gaudere were also injured. Two others suffered slight injuries.

Electric Cars Collide.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 18.—A number of people returning home from the baseball game last evening were injured and one seriously in a collision between electric cars on University avenue. The cars were crowded and had the rear one been running at a greater rate of speed the accident might have been attended with loss of life. The injured were: Arthur Strauss, clerk for Foot, Schulz & Co., internal injuries; Matt Jensen, chief clerk State Treasurer's office, right shoulder crushed; Louis Smith, right wrist bruised; Fred Eastman, printer, face cut; Henry Martin, insurance man, less bruised under a seat; Arthur Tibbets, right hand bruised; J. W. Whitaker, of the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway, back injured; August Korner, State Treasurer, right knee and hand bruised; H. J. Leary, salesman for Van Stock, Leary & Co., back injured; John Lynch, cut on head; others were shaken up but not injured to any extent.

Eight Section Men Injured.

GALLATIN, Tenn., May 18.—A serious accident occurred yesterday at South Tunnel, six miles north of Gallatin, on the L. & N. railroad. A freight train stopped in the tunnel, which is very dark. A hand car, in which were nine section men, on their way to work, while attempting to pass through the tunnel, ran into the caboose. The following were injured: James Hall, internal injuries; Samuel Collins, lost a thumb; Charles Roberts, internal injuries and two ribs broken; Ed Ferguson, scalp wound; Benjamin Mabrick, scalp wound and other bruises; pilot Hall, internal injuries; section foreman Hillman, scalp wound; Charles Brooks, fractured skull.

Engineer Killed.

BOUND BROOK, N. J., May 18.—A collision of coal and freight trains on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, near here this morning, wrecked both trains and blocked the tracks for several hours. Engineer Harry Buck was instantly killed, fireman William Sanders terribly burned and the conductor of the coal train cut and scalded.

Two Miners Killed.

BUTTE, Mont., May 18.—John Barry, shift boss, and James McGavin, miner, were killed in the Anaconda mine here to-day. The former was "blasted," while the latter was struck by a descending cage in the shaft.

Two Men Horribly Mangled.

CUSTER CITY, Pa., May 18.—The glycerine tank at the Rock Glycerine Company's plant exploded to-day. Patrick Brogan and John Hest were horribly mangled and will probably die.

Killed by Falling Slate.

WINFIELD, W. Va., May 18.—Charles and Andrew Smith were killed and Robert Smith fatally injured by falling slate at Plymouth coal mines to-day.

WESTERN SILVERITES

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE ADOPTED BY THE UTAH CONFERENCE.

It Says Free-Coinage Advocates Are Not Thieves Seeking to Swindle with Fifty-Cent Dollars.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 18.—The silver conference just before adjourning unanimously adopted the following address to the people of the United States:

"We desire to say that the people whom we represent are not an aggregation of thieves seeking to swindle honest creditors with fifty-cent dollars. There are no more patriotic citizens of the American Republic than those active, earnest, energetic men and women who have left the comforts of their Eastern homes to build the highways of national progress in the far West. If they believed that the complete restoration of silver would operate as an injury to the country as a whole, or an injustice to any class, regardless of its local effect in this Western region, they would at once and forever abandon the demand."

"The greatest good to the greatest number is their motto, and it is in this spirit that they, irrespective of party affiliations, present themselves almost as a unit demanding the free coinage of silver and gold at the ratio of 16 to 1, with full legal tender functions accorded to each, and no discrimination against either."

"It is not as silver miners, but as citizens of the Republic, mindful of its every interest, that we take this position. The representatives from California, Oregon and Wyoming, States which produce little or no silver, feel that their people have been deeply injured by the demonization of that metal, as those living in any State or Territory in which silver mining is a leading industry."

"In making this demand we are asking for nothing new. The monetary system of this country was founded not upon gold alone, not upon silver alone, but upon both silver and gold at a certain ratio to each other, without limitation upon the coinage of either, and each standing upon equal footing before the law. The system was founded by Hamilton, sanctioned by Washington and Jefferson, its wisdom and justice questioned by none, until the year 1834, when, without notice to the people, the standard silver dollar was dropped from the coinage of the country, and every debt therein existing, public and private, aggregating thousands and millions of dollars, was made payable in gold. We have intelligence enough to comprehend its significance, and people who oppose the making of that value would be equally careful how they accuse other people of dishonesty."

"The great money power of the world that so stealthily destroyed the time-honored monetary system of our country. Those men own vast sums of money and debts payable in money. They understand that their money is being destroyed by stopping its coinage and limiting its legal tender, their claims, thus being payable in exclusive gold. An equivalent, the gold itself would become more valuable. They understood perfectly that gold dollar value from gold, that gold dollar would be standing alone. They knew that by the inexorable law of supply and demand the value of gold must inevitably rise while the value of every other property must certainly fall. This is exactly what has taken place. The business of the world is done upon a money basis. It is measured in terms of money."

The following executive committee was chosen: Colorado, E. B. Light; Idaho, G. V. Bryan; California, H. W. Langenhour; Montana, E. T. Merrill; New Mexico, Bradford Prince; Oregon, Sydney Bell; Washington, W. C. James; Wyoming, F. W. Mandell; Utah, R. C. Chambers.

Western Miners for Free Silver.

WESTERN, Col., May 18.—The convention of the Western Federation of Miners has adopted resolutions supporting the principles of the Omaha Platform platform, favoring the unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

SCHOFIELD AT MEMPHIS.

The Lieutenant General and His Staff Visit the Interstate Drill Grounds.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 18.—The train arriving on the Memphis & Charleston railroad at 7:15 o'clock this morning brought a private Pullman car bearing the most distinguished party yet attracted to Memphis by the interstate drill and encampment. The party consisted of Lieutenant General John M. Schofield, commanding the U. S. A.; Mrs. Schofield and Miss Kilbourne, her sister; Lieutenant Colonel C. B. Schofield and Lieutenant Colonel J. P. Sanger, of the General's staff; Mr. W. B. Schofield, son of the Lieutenant General and the general's private secretary, Mr. E. J. Becker. The visitors were met at the depot by Major General R. B. Snowden, commanding the encampment, accompanied by Colonel E. S. Kellogg, Fifth Infantry; General Joseph Wheeler, of Alabama, and a detachment of troops consisting of troops D and K, Third Cavalry, under Major Keyes, and Company A, United Confederate Veterans, under Captain W. W. Carnes—the latter's command composed of men who met General Schofield on a less friendly footing at Fort Mill, in the fall of 1861, and who took this occasion to show their appreciation of their former adversary. The band of the Third Cavalry completed the detachment. When the party left the coach the troops presented arms and the visitors took carriages which were in waiting. In the General Schofield was seated with Generals Snowden and Wheeler and Colonel Kellogg. In the next, Mrs. Schofield, Miss Kilbourne and Mr. W. B. Schofield; in the third, Lieutenant Colonel Schofield and Lieutenant Colonel Sanger. The line of carriages, headed by the band and escorted by the troops, moved down Main street to the Peabody Hotel, where the party breakfasted. At 11 o'clock General Schofield received the officers of the army temporarily stationed here. Later he and the members of his party attended a reception given in their honor at the residence of Mr. W. B. Mallory. This afternoon the General visited Camp Schofield, but only in a private capacity. He will appear in state and review the troops on Monday.

Mrs. Lease Will Practice Law.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 18.—It is reported that Mrs. Mary Lease and Miss Mary Morrill, both of Wichita, will shortly form a law partnership and open offices in Topeka and Kansas City, Kan. Mrs. Lease practiced law in Wichita before she went into politics. Miss Morrill has been stenographer at the Topeka insane asylum for several months. She is a graduate of the law department of the University of Ann Arbor.

Glenn Stabbed in the Abdomen.

Frank Glenn, living at No. 771 Minerva street, was stabbed in the abdomen last evening while not far from his home. Dr. J. B. Long dressed the injury which is not thought to be serious. It is said that Glenn and Tom Connelley were continually quarreling, the latter having in his hand an open knife. Connelley either accidentally or purposely cut Glenn and afterward disappeared.

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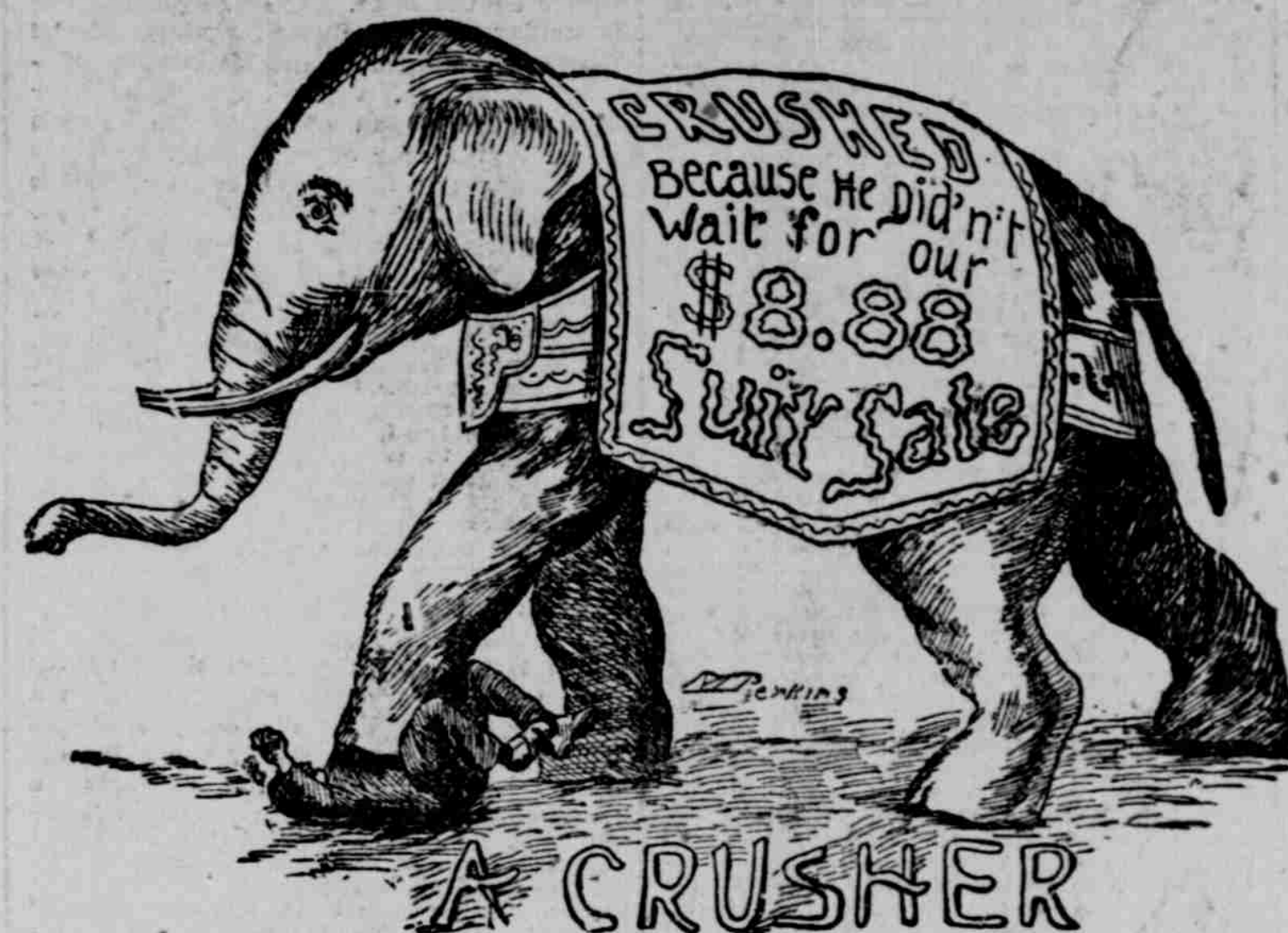
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The Great Suit Sale has proven **A CRUSHER** to our competitors. They cannot match the wonderful values we are giving. The Suits we are selling at **\$8.88** are all-wool and are ROCHESTER-MADE, which is a guarantee that they are well made. The wholesale price on the poorest in the lot was as much as we ask for them. Hundreds of them cost the manufacturers more than \$8.88. The loss is theirs. The great benefit of our big purchase is yours. If you want Cheaper Suits we have them at \$5, \$6, \$7 and \$7.50—good, honest, serviceable garments—but if you want fine Spring Suits, worth \$12 to \$16.50, you'll find nothing elsewhere to compare with our **\$8.88** Suits.

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98c

Buy a fine Fur Stiff Hat, worth \$2.

Sweater Sale

THIS WEEK

25 dozen Maroon, Tan and Blue Sweaters, worth 75c,

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Bicycle Stockings 25c, 35c and 50c.

Pants Sale

Last week of the sale on the Sachs & Morrison stock.

\$3.98

Buy tailor-made Pants worth \$5, \$6 and \$7.

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We intend to make Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday busy days in our store. Here is how we will do it...

Shirt Waists

A regular 50c Waist for... 29c
A 75c Waist for... 49c
A Waist that can be bought elsewhere for \$1.25 goes for... 98c

Silk Waists

Our \$4.00 Waist for... \$2.39
Our \$5.50 Waist, a beauty, for... \$3.98
Our \$7.50 Waist for... \$4.98

Duck Suits and Wrappers

We have 100 of each of the following numbers of Suits and Wrappers. From 10 to 12 o'clock each day we will sell—

A \$1.98 Suit for... 98c
A \$2.50 Suit for... \$1.39
A \$3.50 Suit for... \$1.98
A \$1.25 Wrapper for... 69c
A \$2.25 Wrapper for... \$1.19

Big Consignment

or...

Lace Curtains

100 pairs 98c Curtains go for 49c
100 pairs \$2.00 Curtains go for \$1.00
\$2.98 Curtains for... \$1.49
\$3.50 Curtains for... \$1.69
\$4.00 Curtains for... \$2.00
\$5.00 Curtains for... \$2.49
Chenille Curtains for \$1.98 pair. Worth \$4.00.
Tapestry Curtains, \$9.00 anywhere, will go for... \$4.50

Capes and Jackets

50 Capes at 89c each. Worth \$3.50.
50 Wool Jackets at 49c each. Worth \$4.00.
Spring Capes at 25c each, 50 in all; sold from 1c to 10c to-morrow.
25 Silk Brilliantine Skirts, soiled. To close, 49c; worth \$2.50.

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